HOUSE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

HOUSE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

SENATE BILL NO. 1060

1 AN ACT

- 2 To repeal sections 52.250, 52.265, 52.271, 3 52.290, 54.261, 139.031, 139.052, 139.053, 4 139.235, 140.150, 140.170, 140.190, 140.200, 5 140.210, 140.220, 140.230, 140.260, 140.280, 6 140.340, 140.350, 140.360, 140.370, 140.390, 7 140.400, 140.405, 140.410, 140.420, 141.610, 8 141.720, 141.750, 141.770. 141.790, 447.620, 9 447.622, 447.625, 447.632, 447.636, 447.638, and 447.640, RSMo, and to enact in lieu 10 11 thereof forty-five new sections relating to 12 tax collection.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF MISSOURI, AS FOLLOWS:
- 15 Section A. Sections 52.250, 52.265, 52.271, 52.290, 54.261,
- 16 139.031, 139.052, 139.053, 139.235, 140.150, 140.170, 140.190,
- 17 140.200, 140.210, 140.220, 140.230, 140.260, 140.280, 140.340,
- 18 140.350, 140.360, 140.370, 140.390, 140.400, 140.405, 140.410,
- 19 140.420, 141.610, 141.720, 141.750, 141.770. 141.790, 447.620,
- 20 447.622, 447.625, 447.632, 447.636, 447.638, and 447.640, RSMo,
- are repealed and forty-five new sections enacted in lieu thereof,
- 22 to be known as sections 52.250, 52.265, 52.271, 52.290, 52.312,

- 1 52.315, 52.317, 54.261, 54.323, 54.325, 54.327, 139.031, 139.052,
- 2 139.235, 140.150, 140.170, 140.190, 140.220, 140.230, 140.260,
- 3 140.280, 140.340, 140.350, 140.360, 140.370, 140.405, 140.410,
- 4 140.420, 141.610, 141.720, 141.750, 141.770. 141.790, 447.620,
- 5 447.622, 447.625, 447.632, 447.636, 447.638, 447.640, 1, 2, 3, 4,
- 6 and 5, to read as follows:

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52.250. The collectors in third class counties shall collect a fee of one-half of one percent [and the collectors in fourth class counties shall collect a fee of one percent] of all current taxes collected, including current delinquent taxes, exclusive of all current railroad and utility taxes collected on behalf of the county, as compensation for mailing the statements and receipts. All fees collected pursuant to this section shall be collected on behalf of the county and shall be paid into the county treasury. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, or any other provision of law in conflict with the provisions of this section, in all counties which become counties of the second or fourth classification after December 31, 2000, one-half of one percent of all current taxes collected, including current delinquent taxes allocable to each taxing authority within the county and the county shall continue to be deducted each year for mailing the statements and receipts, exclusive of all current railroad and utility taxes collected, and shall be deposited into the county general fund as required by this section as if the county had retained its classification as a

county of either the third or the fourth classification.

Collectors in third and fourth class counties are entitled to collect such fees immediately upon an order of the circuit court [under] pursuant to section 139.031, RSMo. If the protest is later sustained and a portion of the taxes so paid is returned to the taxpayer the county shall return that portion of the fee collected on the amount returned to the taxpayer.

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52.265. In each county [wherein all taxes and licenses levied for any one year exceed two million dollars,] the collector and treasurer ex officio collector pursuant to chapter 54.280, shall have the authority to employ such attorneys and other employees as may be necessary to promptly and correctly perform the duties of the offices of collector and treasurer ex officio collector, and such offices may also keep a notary public [in his office] at all times, who shall administer oaths and take notarial acknowledgments in connection with the office without charge.

52.271. 1. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, or any other provision of law in conflict with provisions of this section and section 54.320, the county collector and treasurer ex officio in each county [of the third class] is entitled to employ deputies and assistants, and for the deputies and assistants is allowed not less than the amount allowed in [1992 or 1993] 1998 or 1999, whichever is greater and shall be allowed not less than any approved greater amount for

any succeeding years.

- 2. For the purpose of computing the various amounts under the provisions of subsection 1 of this section, the salary of the county collector is the total compensation provided in section 52.269.
- 52.290. 1. In all counties except counties of the first classification having a charter form of government and any city not within a county, the collector shall collect on behalf of the county a fee for the collection of delinquent and back taxes of [five] seven percent on all sums collected to be added to the face of the tax bill and collected from the party paying the tax. [Two-fifths] Two-sevenths of the fees collected [under] pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be paid into the county general fund, two-sevenths of the fees collected pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be paid into the tax maintenance fund of the county as required by section 52.312 and [three-fifths] three-sevenths of the fees collected [under] pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be paid into the county employees' retirement fund created by sections 50.1000 to 50.1200, RSMo.
- 2. In all counties of the first classification having a charter form of government and any city not within a county, the collector shall collect on behalf of the county and pay into the county general fund a fee for the collection of delinquent and back taxes of two percent on all sums collected to be added to

the face of the tax bill and collected from the party paying the tax, except that in a county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but less than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, the collector shall collect on behalf of the county a fee for the collection of delinquent and back taxes of three percent on all sums collected to be added to the face of the tax bill and collected from the party paying the tax. Two-thirds of the fees collected pursuant to the provisions of this section shall be paid into the county general fund and one-third of the fees collected pursuant to this section shall be paid into the tax maintenance fund of the county as required by section 52.312.

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3. Such county collector may accept credit cards as proper form of payment of outstanding delinquent and back taxes due. No county collector may charge a surcharge for payment by credit card, and no county collector shall charge any credit card used for payment for more than the face value of the fees due.

52.312. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, in addition to fees provided for in this chapter, or any other provisions of law in conflict with the provisions of this section, all counties including a county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but less than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants, other than counties having a charter form of government and any city not within a county, subject to the provisions of this section, shall

establish a fund to be known as the "Tax Maintenance Fund" to be used solely as a depository for funds received or collected for the purpose of funding additional costs and expenses incurred in the office of collector. Funds in the tax maintenance fund shall be appropriated by the county commission, and used exclusively for the purposes authorized in this section, and section 52.315 and 52.317.

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maintenance fund pursuant to section 52.290, shall be transmitted monthly for deposit into the tax maintenance fund and used for additional administration and operation costs for the office of collector. Any costs shall include, but shall not be limited to, those costs that require any additional out-of-pocket expense by the office of collector and it may include reimbursement to county general revenue for the salaries of employees of the office of collector for hours worked and any other expenses necessary to conduct and execute the duties and responsibilities of such office.

- 2. The tax maintenance fund may also be used by the collector for training, purchasing new or upgrading information technology, equipment or other essential administrative expenses necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the office of collector, including anything necessarily pertaining thereto.
 - 3. The collector has the sole responsibility for all

expenditures made from the tax maintenance fund and shall approve all expenditures from such fund. All such expenditures from the tax maintenance fund shall not be used to substitute for or subsidize any allocation of county general revenue for the operation of the office of collector.

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- 4. The tax maintenance fund may be audited by the appropriate auditing agency. Any unexpended balance shall be left in the tax maintenance fund, to accumulate from year to year with interest.
- 52.317. Any county subject to the provisions of section 52.312 shall provide moneys for budget purposes in an amount not less than the approved budget in the previous year and shall include the same percentage adjustments in compensation as provided for other county employees as effective January first each year. Any moneys accumulated and remaining in the tax maintenance fund as of December thirty-first each year in all counties of the first classification and any county with a charter form of government and with more than two hundred fifty thousand but less than three hundred fifty thousand inhabitants shall be limited to an amount equal to one-half of the previous year's approved budget for the office of collector, and any moneys accumulated and remaining in the tax maintenance fund as of December thirty-first each year in all counties other than counties of the first classification and any city not within a county, which collect more than four million dollars of all

amount equal to the previous year's approved budget for the

office of collector. Any moneys remaining in the tax maintenance
fund as of December thirty-first each year that exceed the above
established limits shall be certified by the collector and the
certified amount shall be transferred by the treasurer to county
general revenue by the following January fifteenth of each year.

54.261. 1. The county treasurer in counties of the first classification, not having a charter form of government and containing a portion of a city with a population of three hundred thousand or more, and in counties of the second, third and fourth classifications of this state, shall receive as compensation for services performed by the treasurer an annual salary based upon the assessed valuation of the county. The provisions of this section shall not permit or require a reduction, nor shall require an increase, in the amount of compensation being paid for the office of treasurer on January 1, [1997] 2002.

2. The amount of salary based upon assessed valuation shall be computed according to the following schedule:

20	Assessed Valuation	Salary
21	\$ 18,000,000 to 40,999,999	\$21,460
22	41,000,000 to 53,999,999	22,200
23	54,000,000 to 65,999,999	23,680
24	66,000,000 to 85,999,999	25,160
25	86,000,000 to 99,999,999	26,640

1	100,000,000 to 130,999,999	28,120
2	131,000,000 to 159,999,999	29,600
3	160,000,000 to 189,999,999	30,340
4	190,000,000 to 249,999,999	30,710
5	250,000,000 to 299,999,999	31,820
6	300,000,000 or more	33,300

3. In lieu of the salary schedule listed in subsection 2 of this section, the salary commission may authorize a salary schedule that exceeds the schedule in subsection 2 of this section, but such schedule shall not exceed the following:

11	Assessed Valuation	Salary
12	\$ 18,000,000 to 40,999,999	\$29,000
13	41,000,000 to 53,999,999	30,000
14	54,000,000 to 65,999,999	32,000
15	66,000,000 to 85,999,999	34,000
16	86,000,000 to 99,999,999	36,000
17	100,000,000 to 130,999,999	38,000
18	131,000,000 to 159,999,999	40,000
19	160,000,000 to 189,999,999	41,000
20	190,000,000 to 249,999,999	41,500
21	250,000,000 to 299,999,999	43,000
22	300,000,000 or more	45,000

[3.] <u>4.</u> Two thousand dollars of the salary authorized in this section shall be payable to the treasurer only if the treasurer has completed at least twenty hours of classroom

instruction each calendar year relating to the operations of the treasurer's office when approved by a professional association of the county treasurers or county collectors of Missouri unless exempted from the training by the professional association. The professional association approving the program shall provide a certificate of completion to each treasurer who completes the training program and shall send a list of certified treasurers to the county commission of each county. Expenses incurred for attending the training session may be reimbursed to the county treasurer in the same manner as other expenses as may be appropriated for that purpose.

- [4.] <u>5.</u> The county treasurer in any county, other than a county of the first classification having a charter form of government or a county of the first classification not having a charter form of government and not containing any part of a city with a population of three hundred thousand or more, shall not, except upon two-thirds vote of all the members of the commission, receive an annual compensation in an amount less than the total compensation being received for the office of county treasurer in the particular county for services rendered or performed on the date the salary commission votes.
- [5.] <u>6.</u> In the event of a vacancy in the office of treasurer in any county except a county of the first classification with a charter form of government, when there is no deputy treasurer, the county commission shall appoint a

qualified acting treasurer until such time as the vacancy is filled by the governor pursuant to section 105.030, RSMo.

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54.323. Notwithstanding any provisions of law to the contrary, in addition to fees provided for in this chapter, or any other provisions of law in conflict with the provisions of this section, all counties of the third and fourth classification adopting township organization subject to the provisions of this section, shall establish a fund to be known as the "Tax Maintenance Fund" to be used solely as a depository for funds received or collected for the purpose of funding additional costs and expenses incurred in the office of treasurer ex officio collector. Funds in the tax maintenance fund shall be appropriated by the county commission, and used exclusively for the purposes authorized in this section, and sections 54.325 and 54.327.

54.325. 1. In addition to the fees collected on all delinquent and back taxes by any treasurer ex officio collector pursuant to the provisions of this chapter and chapter 50, RSMo, such ex officio collector shall collect an additional two percent on all delinquent and back taxes and these additional fees shall be transmitted monthly for deposit into the tax maintenance fund pursuant to the provisions of section 54.323 and used for additional administration and operation costs for the office of treasurer ex officio collector. Any costs shall include, but shall not be limited to, those costs that require any additional

out-of-pocket expense by the office of treasurer ex officio

collector and it may include reimbursement to county general

revenue for the salaries of employees of the office of treasurer

ex officio collector for hours worked and any other expenses

necessary to conduct and execute the duties and responsibilities

of such office.

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- 2. The tax maintenance fund may also be used by the treasurer ex officio collector for training, purchasing new or upgrading information technology, equipment or other essential administrative expenses necessary to carry out the duties and responsibilities of the office of treasurer ex officio collector, including anything necessarily pertaining thereto.
- 3. The treasurer ex officio collector has the sole responsibility for all expenditures made from the tax maintenance fund and shall approve all expenditures from such fund. All such expenditures from the tax maintenance fund shall not be used to substitute for or subsidize any allocation of county general revenue for the operation of the office of treasurer ex officio collector.
- 4. The tax maintenance fund may be audited by the appropriate auditing agency. Any unexpended balance shall be left in the tax maintenance fund, to accumulate from year to year with interest.
- 54.327. Any county of the third and fourth classification adopting township organization shall provide moneys for budget

purposes in an amount not less than the approved budget in the previous year and shall include the same percentage adjustments in compensation as provided for other county employees as effective January first each year. Any moneys accumulated and remaining in the tax maintenance fund as of December thirty-first each year in all counties of the third and fourth classification adopting township organization shall be limited to an amount equal to the previous year's approved budget for the office of treasurer ex officio collector. Any moneys remaining in the tax maintenance fund as of December thirty-first each year that exceed the above established limits shall be certified by the treasurers as ex officio collectors and the certified amount shall be transferred to county general revenue by the following January fifteenth of each year.

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139.031. 1. Any taxpayer may protest all or any part of any taxes assessed against [him] <u>such taxpayer</u>, except taxes collected by the director of revenue of Missouri. Any such taxpayer desiring to pay any taxes under protest shall, at the time of paying such taxes, file with the collector a written statement setting forth the grounds on which [his] <u>such taxpayer's</u> protest is based. The statement shall include the true value in money claimed by the taxpayer if disputed.

2. Upon receiving payment of taxes under protest pursuant to subsection 1 of this section or upon receiving notice of an appeal pursuant to section 138.430, RSMo, the collector shall

dispurse to the proper official all portions of taxes not disputed by the taxpayer and shall impound in a separate fund all portions of such taxes which are in dispute. Except as provided in subsection 3 of this section, every taxpayer protesting the payment of taxes shall, within ninety days after filing [his] such taxpayer's protest, commence an action against the collector by filing a petition for the recovery of the amount protested in the circuit court of the county in which the collector maintains [his] an office. If any taxpayer so protesting [his] such taxpayer's taxes shall fail to commence an action in the circuit court for the recovery of the taxes protested within the time prescribed in this subsection, such protest shall become null and void and of no effect, and the collector shall then disburse to the proper official the taxes impounded, and any interest earned thereon, as provided above in this subsection.

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3. No action against the collector shall be commenced by any taxpayer who has, for the tax year in issue, filed with the state tax commission a timely and proper appeal of the protested taxes. Such taxpayer shall notify the collector of the appeal in the written statement required by subsection 1 of this section. The taxes so protested shall be impounded in a separate fund and the commission may order all or any part of such taxes refunded to the taxpayer, or may authorize the collector to release and disburse all or any part of such taxes in its decision and order issued pursuant to chapter 138, RSMo.

4. Trial of the action in the circuit court shall be in the manner prescribed for nonjury civil proceedings, and, after determination of the issues, the court shall make such orders as may be just and equitable to refund to the taxpayer all or any part of the taxes paid under protest, together with any interest earned thereon, or to authorize the collector to release and disburse all or any part of the impounded taxes, and any interest earned thereon, to the appropriate officials of the taxing authorities. Either party to the proceedings may appeal the determination of the circuit court.

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5. All the county collectors of taxes, and the collector of taxes in any city not within a county, shall, upon written application of a taxpayer, refund any real or tangible personal property tax mistakenly or erroneously paid in whole or in part to the collector, or shall credit against the taxpayer's tax liability in the following taxable year and subsequent consecutive taxable years until the taxpayer has received credit in full for any [real or personal property] tax mistakenly or erroneously levied against the taxpayer and collected in whole or in part by the collector, or, if the taxpayer has no tax liability to such collector in the immediately following taxable year, refund any balance remaining on tax mistakenly or erroneously paid in whole or in part to the collector. Such application shall be filed within one year for personal property taxes and three years for real property taxes after the tax is

mistakenly or erroneously paid. The governing body, or other appropriate body or official of the county or city not within a county, shall make available to the collector funds necessary to make refunds under this subsection by issuing warrants upon the fund to which the mistaken or erroneous payment has been credited, or otherwise.

- 6. No taxpayer shall receive any interest on any money paid in by [him] <u>such taxpayer</u> erroneously.
- 7. All protested taxes shall be invested by the collector in the same manner as assets specified in section 30.260, RSMo, for investment of state moneys. A taxpayer who is entitled to a refund of protested taxes shall also receive the interest earned on the investment thereof. If the collector is ordered to release and disburse all or part of the taxes paid under protest to the proper official, such taxes shall be disbursed along with the proportional amount of interest earned on the investment of the taxes due the particular taxing authority.
- 8. On or before March first next following the delinquent date of taxes paid under protest, the county collector shall notify any taxing authority of the taxes paid under protest which would be received by such taxing authority if the funds were not the subject of a protest. Any taxing authority may apply to the circuit court of the county or city not within a county in which a collector has impounded protested taxes [under] pursuant to this section and, upon a satisfactory showing that such taxing

authority would receive such impounded tax funds if they were not the subject of a protest and that such taxing authority has the financial ability and legal capacity to repay such impounded tax funds in the event a decision ordering a refund to the taxpayer is subsequently made, the circuit court shall order, pendente lite, the disbursal of all or any part of such impounded tax funds to such taxing authority. The circuit court issuing an order [under] pursuant to this subsection shall retain jurisdiction of such matter for further proceedings, if any, to compel restitution of such tax funds to the taxpayer. In the event that any protested tax funds refunded to a taxpayer were disbursed to a taxing authority [under] pursuant to this subsection instead of being held and invested by the collector [under] <u>pursuant to</u> subsection 7 of this section, such taxing authority shall pay the taxpayer entitled to the refund of such protested taxes the same amount of interest, as determined by the circuit court having jurisdiction in the matter, such protested taxes would have earned if they had been held and invested by the collector.

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9. No appeal filed shall stay any order of refund, but the decision filed by any court of last review modifying the circuit court's or state tax commission's determination pertaining to the amount of refund shall be binding on the parties, and the decision rendered shall be complied with by the party affected by any modification within ninety days of the date of such decision.

No taxpayer shall receive any interest on any additional award of refund, and the collector shall not receive any interest on any ordered return of refund in whole or in part.

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- 139.052. 1. County collectors in counties of the first and second classification, by July 1, 2004, shall provide for the payment of all or any part of current real property taxes, which are owed, at the option of the taxpayer, on an annual, semiannual, or quarterly basis in such installments and on such terms as the collector deems appropriate.
- 2. The collector shall issue receipts for any installment payments.
- 3. Installment payments made at any time during a tax year shall not affect the taxpayer's right to protest the amount of such tax payments under applicable provisions of law.
- 4. Subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to payment for real property taxes by financial institutions, as defined in section 381.410, RSMo, who pay tax obligations which they service from escrow accounts, as defined in Title 24, Part 3500, Section 17, Code of Federal Regulation, as amended.
- 5. The collector shall establish procedures by which taxes will be collected on installment payments. The estimate shall be based on the previous tax year's liability. A taxpayer's payment schedule shall be based on the estimate divided by the number of pay periods in which payments are to be made. The taxpayer shall at the end of the tax year pay any amounts owed in excess of the

estimate for such year.

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139.235. Any person required to pay any tax who issues or passes a check, or other similar sight order, which is returned to the department of revenue, county collector, or treasurer ex officio collector because the account upon which the check or order was drawn was closed or did not have sufficient funds at the time of presentation for payment by the department of revenue, county collector, or treasurer ex officio collector to meet the face amount of the check or order, may, unless there be good cause shown, be assessed by the department of revenue, in addition to any other penalty or interest that may be owed, a penalty of ten dollars or five percent of the total amount of the returned check or order, whichever amount is greater, but in no event shall such penalty imposed exceed one hundred dollars. Such person may also be assessed by the county collector or treasurer ex officio collector, in addition to any other penalty or interest that may be owed, a penalty not to exceed twenty-five <u>dollars</u>. The department of revenue, <u>county collector</u>, <u>or</u> treasurer ex officio collector may refuse to accept any check or other similar sight order in payment of any tax currently owed plus penalty or interest from a person who previously attempted to pay such amount with a check or order that was returned to the department of revenue, county collector, or treasurer ex officio collector unless the remittance is in the form of a cashier's check, certified check, or money order.

140.150. 1. All lands [and lots], lots, mineral rights, and royalty interests on which taxes are delinquent and unpaid are subject to sale to discharge the lien for the delinquent and unpaid taxes as provided for in this chapter on the fourth Monday in August of each year.

- 2. No real property, lots, mineral rights, or royalty interest shall be sold for state, county or city taxes without judicial proceedings, unless the notice of sale contains the names of all record owners thereof, or the names of all owners appearing on the land tax book and all other information required by law. Delinquent taxes, with penalty, interest and costs, may be paid to the county collector at any time before the property is sold therefor.
- 3. The entry in the back tax book by the county clerk of the delinquent lands [and lots], lots, mineral rights, and royalty interest constitutes a levy upon the delinquent lands [and lots], lots, mineral rights, and royalty interests for the purpose of enforcing the lien of delinquent and unpaid taxes, together with penalty, interest and costs.
- 140.170. 1. Except for lands described in subsection 7 of this section, the county collector shall cause a copy of the list of delinquent lands and lots to be printed in some newspaper of general circulation published in the county, for three consecutive weeks, one insertion weekly, before the sale, the last insertion to be at least fifteen days prior to the fourth

Monday in August.

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- 2. In addition to the names of all record owners or the names of all owners appearing on the land tax book it is only necessary in the printed and published list to state in the aggregate the amount of taxes, penalty, interest and cost due thereon, each year separately stated, and the land therein described shall be described in forty acre tracts or other legal subdivisions, and the lots shall be described by number, block, addition, etc., except that if a part or parts of any forty acre tract or other legal subdivision or lot are assessed on the tax books to two or more parties as owners thereof, then, as to such land or lots, such list shall be so prepared and separated.
- 3. To the list shall be attached and in like manner printed and published a notice [that so much] of said lands and lots [as are necessary to discharge the taxes, interest and charges which are due thereon at the time of sale will be sold at public auction] that said land and lots will be sold at public auction to discharge the taxes, interest, and charges which are due thereon at the time of sale in or adjacent to the courthouse of such county, on the fourth Monday in August next thereafter, commencing at ten o'clock of said day and continuing from day to day thereafter until all are offered.
- 4. The county collector, on or before the day of sale, shall insert at the foot of the list on his record a copy of the notice and certify on his record immediately following the notice

the name of the newspaper of the county in which the notice was printed and published and the dates of insertions thereof in the newspaper.

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- 5. The expense of such printing shall be paid out of the county treasury and shall not exceed the rate provided for in chapter 493, RSMo, relating to legal publications, notices and advertisements, and the cost of printing at the rate paid by the county shall be taxed as part of the costs of the sale of any land or lot contained in the list.
- 6. The county collector shall cause the affidavit of the printer, editor or publisher of the newspaper in which the list of delinquent lands and notice of sale was published, as provided by section 493.060, RSMo, with the list and notice attached, to be recorded in the office of the recorder of deeds of the county, and the recorder shall not charge or receive any fees for recording the same.
- 7. The county collector may have a separate list of such lands, without legal descriptions or the names of the record owners, printed in a newspaper of general circulation published in such county for three consecutive weeks before the sale of such lands for a parcel or lot of land that:
- (1) Has an assessed value of five hundred dollars or less and has been advertised previously; or
- (2) Is a lot in a development of twenty or more lots and such lot has an assessed value of five hundred dollars or less.

The notice shall state that legal descriptions and the names of the record owners of such lands shall be posted at any county courthouse within the county and the office of the county collector.

140.190. 1. On the day mentioned in the notice, the county collector shall commence the sale of such lands, and shall continue the same from day to day until [so much of] each parcel assessed or belonging to each person assessed, shall be sold as will pay the taxes, interest and charges thereon, or chargeable to such person in said county.

2. The person offering at said sale to pay the required sum for [the least quantity of any] a tract shall be considered the purchaser of such [quantity] land; provided, no sale shall be made to any person who is currently delinquent on any tax payments on any property, other than a delinquency on the property being offered for sale, and who does not sign an affidavit stating such at the time of sale. Failure to sign such affidavit as well as signing a false affidavit may invalidate such sale. No bid shall be received from any person not a resident of the state of Missouri until such person shall file with said collector an agreement in writing consenting to the jurisdiction of the circuit court of the county in which such sale shall be made, and also filing with such collector an appointment of some citizen of said county as agent of said purchaser, and consenting that service of process on such agent

shall give such court jurisdiction to try and determine any suit growing out of or connected with such sale for taxes.

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- 3. All such written consents to jurisdiction and selective appointments shall be preserved by the county collector and shall be binding upon any person or corporation claiming under the person consenting to jurisdiction and making the appointment herein referred to; provided further, that in the event of the death, disability or refusal to act of the person appointed as agent of said nonresident purchaser the county clerk shall become the appointee as agent of said nonresident purchaser.
- 140.220. 1. The clerk of the county commission shall attend, either in person or by deputy, as the clerk of the sale of such delinquent land, and shall enter the same on a sufficient record book giving a description of the proper tract or lot, [showing how much of each was sold,] to whom sold, and the price, or whether the same remains unsold.
- 2. For his services as in this section provided he shall, except in those counties having a population in excess of one hundred thousand, receive the sum of twenty-five cents on each tract of land or lot sold, to become part of the costs of sale and paid by the purchaser, which fee shall include entry or recital of redemption on such record.
- 140.230. 1. When real estate has been sold for taxes or other debt by the sheriff or collector of any county within the state of Missouri, and the same sells for a greater amount than

the debt or taxes and all costs in the case[, and the owner or owners, agent or agents cannot be found,] it shall be the duty of the sheriff or collector of the county, when such sale has been or may hereafter be made, to make a written statement describing each parcel or tract of land sold by him for a greater amount than the debt or taxes and all costs in the case[, and for which no owner or owners, agent or agents can be found,] together with the amount of surplus money in each case. The statement shall be subscribed and sworn to by the sheriff or collector making it before some officer competent to administer oaths within this state, and then presented to the county commission of the county where the sale has been or may be made; and on the approval of the statement by the commission, the sheriff or collector making the same shall pay the surplus money into the county treasury, take the receipt in duplicate of the treasurer for the overplus of money and retain one of the duplicate receipts himself and file the other with the county commission, and thereupon the commission shall charge the treasurer with the amount.

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- 2. The treasurer shall place such moneys to the credit of the school fund of the county, to be held in trust for the term of seven years for the owner or owners or their legal representatives. At the end of seven years, if such fund shall not be called for, then it shall become a permanent school fund of the county.
 - 3. County commissions shall compel owners or agents to make

satisfactory proof of their claims before receiving their money; provided, that no county shall pay interest to the claimant of any such fund.

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140.260. 1. It shall be lawful for the county commission of any county, and the comptroller, mayor and president of the board of assessors of the city of St. Louis, to designate and appoint a suitable person or persons with discretionary authority to bid at all sales to which section 140.250 is applicable, and to purchase at such sales all lands or lots necessary to protect all taxes due and owing and prevent their loss to the taxing authorities involved from inadequate bids.

- 2. Such person or persons so designated are hereby declared as to such purchases and as titleholders pursuant to collector's deeds issued on such purchases, to be trustees for the benefit of all funds entitled to participate in the taxes against all such lands or lots so sold.
- 3. Such person or persons so designated shall not be required to pay the amount bid on any such purchase but the collector's deed issuing on such purchase shall recite the delinquent taxes for which said lands or lots were sold, the amount due each respective taxing authority involved, and that the grantee in such deed or deeds holds title as trustee for the use and benefit of the fund or funds entitled to the payment of the taxes for which said lands or lots were sold.
 - 4. The costs of all collectors' deeds, the recording of

same and the advertisement of such lands or lots shall be paid out of the county treasury in the respective counties and such fund as may be designated therefor by the authorities of the city of St. Louis.

- 5. All lands or lots so purchased shall be sold and deeds ordered executed and delivered by such trustees upon order of the county commission of the respective counties and the comptroller, mayor and president of the board of assessors of the city of St. Louis, and the proceeds of such sales shall be applied, first, to the payment of the costs incurred and advanced, and the balance shall be distributed pro rata to the funds entitled to receive the taxes on the lands or lots so disposed of.
- 6. Upon appointment of any such person or persons to act as trustee as herein designated a certified copy of the order making such appointment shall be delivered to the collector, and if such authority be revoked a certified copy of the revoking order shall also be delivered to the collector.
- 7. Compensation to trustees as herein designated shall be payable solely from proceeds derived from the sale of lands purchased by them as such trustees and shall be fixed by the authorities herein designated, but not in excess of ten percent of the price for which any such lands and lots are sold by the trustees; provided further, that if at any such sale any person bid a sufficient amount to pay in full all delinquent taxes, penalties, interest and costs, then the trustees herein

designated shall be without authority to further bid on any such land or lots.

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- 8. If the county commission of any county does not designate and appoint a suitable person or persons as trustee or trustees, so appointed, does not accept property after the third offering where no sale occurred then it shall be at the discretion of the collector to sell such land subsequent to the third offering of such land and lots at any time and for any amount.
- 140.280. 1. Where such sale is made, the purchaser at such sale shall immediately pay the amount of his bid to the collector, who shall pay the surplus, if any, [to the person entitled thereto; or if he has doubt, or a dispute arises as to the proper person, the same shall be paid] into the county treasury to be held for the use and benefit of the person entitled thereto.
- 2. In case the purchaser fails to pay his bid, the land shall be again forthwith offered for sale the same as if no sale had been made, and the purchaser so failing shall forfeit and pay for the use of the distributive county school fund of the county a penalty of twenty-five percent of the amount of his bid, to be recovered by action of debt in the name of the collector, before any court having jurisdiction, and the prosecuting attorney shall conduct such suit, and for his services a fee of five dollars shall be taxed against such delinquent purchaser.

140.340. 1. The owner or occupant of any land or lot sold for taxes, or any other persons having an interest therein, may redeem the same at any time during the [two years] one year next ensuing, in the following manner: By paying to the county collector, for the use of the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, the full sum of the purchase money named in his certificate of purchase and all the cost of the sale together with interest at the rate specified in such certificate, not to exceed ten percent annually, with all subsequent taxes which have been paid thereon by the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, with interest at the rate of eight percent per annum on such taxes subsequently paid, and in addition thereto the person redeeming any land shall pay the costs incident to entry of recital of such redemption.

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- 2. Upon deposit with the county collector of the amount necessary to redeem as herein provided, it shall be the duty of the county collector to mail to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, at the last post-office address if known, and if not known, then to the address of the purchaser as shown in the record of the certificate of purchase, notice of such deposit for redemption.
- 3. Such notice, given as herein provided, shall stop payment to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, of any further interest or penalty.
- 4. In case the party purchasing said land, his heirs or assigns, fails to take a tax deed for the land so purchased

within six months after the expiration of the [two years] <u>one</u> <u>year</u> next following the date of sale, no interest shall be charged or collected from the redemptioner after that time.

140.350. Infants and incapacitated and disabled persons as defined in chapter 475, RSMo, may redeem any lands belonging to them sold for taxes, within [two years] one year after the expiration of such disability, in the same manner as provided in section 140.340 for redemption by other persons.

140.360. 1. In case any lasting and valuable improvements shall have been made by the purchaser at a sale for taxes, or by any person claiming under him, and the land on which the same shall have been made shall be redeemed as aforesaid, the premises shall not be restored to the person redeeming, until he shall have paid or tendered to the adverse party the value of such improvements; and, if the parties cannot agree on the value thereof the same proceedings shall be had in relation thereto as shall be prescribed in the law existing at the time of such proceedings for the relief of occupying claimants of lands in actions of ejectment.

- 2. No compensation shall be allowed for improvements made before the expiration of [two years] one year from the date of sale for taxes.
- 140.370. 1. When lands sold for taxes, or any portions thereof, shall be redeemed, the county collector shall insert a memorandum of such redemption on the record of the certificate of

purchase applicable thereto, stating the quantity or description [of the portion] redeemed, [if not the whole], the date thereof, and by whom made, and sign the same officially, and shall likewise give a certificate thereof to the person redeeming.

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2. The person redeeming shall then present to the county clerk the certificate of redemption and the county clerk shall then enter on his record of sales of land for delinquent taxes the recital of such redemption, the date thereof, and the person redeeming.

140.405. Any person purchasing property at a delinquent land tax auction shall not acquire the deed to the real estate, as provided for in section 140.420, until the person meets with the following requirement or until such person makes affidavit that a title search has revealed no publicly recorded deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien or claim on the real estate. least ninety days prior to the date when a purchaser is authorized to acquire the deed, the purchaser shall notify any person who holds a publicly recorded deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien or claim upon that real estate of the latter person's right to redeem such person's publicly recorded security or claim. Notice shall be sent by certified mail to any such person, including one who was the publicly recorded owner of the property sold at the delinquent land tax auction previous to such sale, at such person's last known available address. Failure of the purchaser to comply with this provision shall result in such

purchaser's loss of all interest in the real estate. If any real estate is purchased at a third-offering tax auction and has a publicly recorded deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien or claim upon the real estate, the purchaser of said property at a third-offering tax auction shall notify anyone with a publicly recorded deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien or claim upon the real estate pursuant to this section. Once the purchaser has notified the county collector by affidavit that proper notice has been given, anyone with a publicly recorded deed of trust, mortgage, lease, lien or claim upon the property shall have ninety days to redeem said property or be forever barred from redeeming said property. If the county collector chooses to perform the title search then the county collector must comply with all provisions of section 140.405, and may charge the purchaser the cost of the title search before giving the purchaser a deed pursuant to section 140.420.

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140.410. In all cases where lands have been or may hereafter be sold for delinquent taxes, penalty, interest and costs and a certificate of purchase has been or may hereafter be issued it is hereby made the duty of such purchaser, his or her heirs or assigns, to cause a deed to be executed and placed on record in the proper county within [four] two years from the date of said sale; provided, that on failure of said purchaser, his or her heirs or assigns so to do, then and in that case the amount due such purchaser shall cease to be a lien on said lands so

purchased as herein provided. Any person purchasing property at a delinquent land tax sale shall pay to the collector the fee necessary for the recording of such collector deed to be issued.

It shall be the responsibility of the collector to record the deed before delivering such deed to the purchaser of the property.

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140.420. [1.] If no person shall redeem the lands sold for taxes within [two years] one year from the sale, at the expiration thereof, and on production of certificate of purchase, [and in case the certificate covers only a part of a tract or lot of land, then accompanied with a survey or description of such part, made by the county surveyor,] the collector of the county in which the sale of such lands took place shall execute to the purchaser, his heirs or assigns, in the name of the state, a conveyance of the real estate so sold, which shall vest in the grantee an absolute estate in fee simple, subject, however, to all claims thereon for unpaid taxes except such unpaid taxes existing at time of the purchase of said lands and the lien for which taxes was inferior to the lien for taxes for which said tract or lot of land was sold.

[2. In making such conveyance, when two or more parcels, tracts, or lots of land are sold for the nonpayment of taxes to the same purchaser or purchasers, or the same person or persons shall in any wise become the owner of the certificates thereof, all of such parcels shall be included in one deed.]

141.610. Each court administrator's or sheriff's deed given pursuant to the provisions of the land tax collection law shall be presumptive evidence that the suit and all proceedings therein and all proceedings prior thereto from and including assessment of the lands affected thereby and all notices required by law were regular and in accordance with all provisions of the law The court administrator or sheriff shall relating thereto. record its deed and shall collect said recording fee at the time of sale. After [two years] one year from the date of the [recording of such] court administrator's [or sheriff's deed] foreclosure sale, the presumption shall be conclusive pursuant to sections 141.210 to 141.810. Notwithstanding section 516.010, RSMo, no suit to set aside or to attack the validity of any such court administrator's or sheriff's deed shall be commenced or maintained unless the suit is filed within [two years] one year from the date of the court administrator's [or sheriff's deed is recorded] foreclosure sale.

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141.720. 1. The land trust shall be composed of three members, one of whom shall be appointed by the county executive, or if the county does not have a county executive, the county commission of the county, one of whom shall be appointed by the city council of that city in the county which then has the largest population according to the last preceding federal decennial census, and one of whom shall be appointed by the board of directors of the school district which then has the largest

population according to such census in the county.

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- 2. The terms of office of the land trustees shall be for four years each, except the terms of the first land trustees who shall be appointed by the foregoing appointing authorities, respectively, not sooner than twelve months and not later than eighteen months after sections 141.210 to 141.810 take effect.
- 3. Each land trustee shall have been a resident of the county for at least five years next prior to appointment, shall not hold other salaried or compensated public office by election or appointment during service as land trustee, the duties of which would in any way conflict with his duties as land trustee, and shall have had at least ten years experience in the management or sale of real estate.
- 4. Of the first land trustees appointed under sections 141.210 to 141.810, the land trustee appointed by the county commission shall serve for a term ending February 1, 1946, the land trustee appointed by the board of directors of the school district then having the largest population in the county shall serve for a term expiring February 1, 1947, and the land trustee appointed by the city council of the city then having the largest population in the county shall serve for a term expiring February 1, 1948. Each land trustee shall serve until his successor has been appointed and qualified.
- 5. Any vacancy in the office of land trustee shall be filled for the unexpired term by the same appointing authority

which made the original appointment. If any appointing authority fails to make any appointment of a land trustee within the time the first appointments are required by sections 141.210 to 141.810 to be made, or within thirty days after any term expires or vacancy occurs, then the appointment shall be made by the mayor of that city in the county then having the largest population, according to the last preceding federal decennial census.

- 6. The members shall receive for their services as land trustees a salary of two thousand four hundred dollars per year.
- 7. Each land trustee may be removed for cause by the respective appointing authority, after public hearing, if requested by the land trustee, and an opportunity to be represented by counsel and to present evidence is afforded the trustee.
- 141.750. 1. Such land trust shall be a continuing body and shall have and adopt an official seal which shall bear on its face the words "Land Trust of County, Missouri", "Seal", and shall have the power to sue and issue deeds in its name, which deed shall be signed by the chairman or vice chairman, and attested by the secretary or assistant secretary and the official seal of the land trust affixed thereon, and shall have the general power to administer its business as any other corporate body.
 - 2. The land trust may convey title to any real estate sold

or conveyed by it by general or special warranty deed, and may convey an absolute title in fee simple, without in any case procuring any consent, conveyance or other instrument from the beneficiaries for which it acts; provided, however, that each such deed shall recite whether the selling price represents a consideration equal to or in excess of two-thirds of the appraised value of such real estate so sold or conveyed, and if such selling price represents a consideration less than two-thirds of the appraised value of said real estate, then the land trustees shall first procure the consent thereto of not less than two of the three appointing authorities, which consent shall be evidenced by a copy of the action of each such appointing authority duly certified to by its clerk or secretary attached to and made a part of said deed, except the land trust may sell or convey a vacant residential tract of land containing four thousand square feet or less with an assessed value of less than two hundred fifty dollars to the owner or owners of residential property contiguous to the tract being sold for a price equal to fifty percent of the assessed value of the tract without first obtaining an appraisal of the tract.

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141.770. 1. Each annual budget of the land trust shall be itemized as to objects and purposes of expenditure, prepared not later than December [fifteenth] tenth of each year with copies delivered to the county and city that appointed trustee members, and shall include therein only such appropriations as shall be

deemed necessary to meet the reasonable expenses of the land trust during the forthcoming fiscal year. That budget shall not become the required annual budget of the land trust unless and until it has been approved by the governing bodies of the county or city that appointed trustee members. If either of the governing bodies of the county and city that appointed trustee members fail to notify the land trust in writing of any objections to the proposed annual budget on or before December twentieth, then such failure or failures to object shall be deemed approval. In the event objections have been made and a budget for the fiscal year beginning January first has not been approved by the governing bodies of the county and city on or before January first, then the budget for the previous fiscal year shall become the approved budget for that fiscal year. Any unexpended funds from the preceding fiscal year shall be deducted from the amounts needed to meet the budget requirements of the forthcoming year.

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- 2. Copies of the budget shall be made available to the public on or before December [fifteenth] tenth, and a public hearing shall be had thereon prior to December twentieth, in each year. The approved and adopted budget may be amended by the trustee members only with the approval of the governing bodies of the county and city that appointed trustee members.
- 3. <u>If at any time there are not sufficient funds available</u> to pay the salaries and other expenses of such land trust and of

its employees, incident to the administration of sections 141.210 to 141.810, including any expenditures authorized by section 141.760, funds sufficient to pay such expenses shall be advanced and paid to the land trust upon its requisition therefor, fifty percent thereof by the county commission of such county, and the other fifty percent by all of the municipalities in such county as defined in section 141.220, in proportion to their assessed valuations at the time of their last completed assessment for state and county purposes. The land trust shall have power to requisition such funds in an amount not to exceed twenty-five [thousand dollars] percent of the total annual budget of the land trust from such sources for [each] that fiscal year of the land trust for which there are not sufficient funds otherwise available to pay the salaries and other expenses of the land trust, but any amount in excess of twenty-five [thousand dollars per] percent of the total annual budget in any fiscal year may be requisitioned by and paid to the land trust only if such additional sums are agreed to and approved by the county commission and the respective municipalities in such county so desiring to make such payment. All moneys so requisitioned shall be paid in a lump sum within thirty days after such requisition or the commencement of [each] the fiscal year of the land trust for which such requisition is made, whichever is later, and shall be deposited to the credit of the land trust in some bank or trust company, subject to withdrawal by warrant as herein

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- 4. The fiscal year of the land trust shall commence on January first of each year. [Said] <u>Such</u> land trust shall audit all claims for the expenditure of money, and shall, acting by the chairman or vice chairman thereof, draw warrants therefor from time to time.
- 5. No warrant for the payment of any claim shall be drawn by such land trust until such claim shall have been approved by the land commissioner and shall bear [his] the commissioner's certificate that there is a sufficient unencumbered balance in the proper appropriation and sufficient unexpended cash available for the payment thereof. For any certification contrary thereto, such land commissioner shall be liable personally and on [his] the commissioner's official bond for the amounts so certified, and shall thereupon be promptly removed from office by the land trustees.
- 6. In addition to the annual audit provided for in section 141.760, the land trust may be performance audited at any time by the state auditor or by the auditor of any home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county that is a member of the land trust. The cost of such audit shall be paid by the land trust, and copies shall be made available to the public within thirty days of the completion of the audit.
 - 141.790. 1. Such land trust shall set up accounts on its

- books relating to the operation, management, or other expense of each individual parcel of real estate.
 - 2. When any parcel of real estate is sold or otherwise disposed of by the land trust, the proceeds therefrom shall be applied and distributed in the following order:
 - (1) To the payment of the expenses of sale;

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- (2) To the payment of any penalties, attorney's fees or costs which were included in the judgment originally entered against said parcel of real estate, plus its proportional part of the costs of sheriff's foreclosure sale, as shown on the books of the collector;
- (3) To the payment of the costs of the care, improvement, operation, and management of such parcel of real estate as determined by the land trustees and apportioned to such parcel;
- (4) The balance to be retained by the land trust to pay the salaries and other expenses of such land trust and of its employees, incident to the administration of sections 141.210 to 141.810, including any expenditures authorized by section 141.760, as provided for in its annual budget;
- (5) Any funds in excess of those necessary to meet the expenses of the annual budget of the land trust in any fiscal year, and including a reasonable sum to carry over into the next fiscal year to assure that sufficient funds will be available to meet initial expenses for that next fiscal year, may be paid to the respective taxing authorities and tax bill owners, if any, in

the proportion that the principal amounts of the tax bills of each such party bears to the total principal amount of all the tax bills included in the original judgment relating to such parcel of real estate and in the order of their respective priorities. After deduction of all sums charged to each account for various expenses, distribution shall be made to the respective taxing authorities and to tax bill owners having an interest in such parcel of real estate, on January first and July first of each year, and at such other times as the land trustees in their discretion may determine.

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447.620. As used in sections 447.620 to 447.640, the following terms mean:

- (1) "Housing code", a local building, fire, health, property maintenance, nuisance or other ordinance which contains standards regulating the condition or maintenance of residential buildings;
- (2) "Last known address", the address where the property is located or the address as listed in the property tax records;
- (3) ["Low- or moderate-income housing", housing for persons and families who lack the amount of income necessary to rent or purchase adequate housing without financial assistance, as defined by such income limits as shall be established by the Missouri housing development commission for the purposes of determining eligibility under any program aimed at providing housing for low- and moderate-income families or persons;

(4)] "Municipality", any incorporated city, town or village;

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- [(5)] (4) "Nuisance", any property which because of its physical condition or use is a public nuisance or any property which constitutes a blight on the surrounding area or any property which is in violation of the applicable housing code such that it constitutes a substantial threat to the life, health or safety of the public. For purposes of sections 447.620 to 447.640, any declaration of a public nuisance by a municipality pursuant to an ordinance adopted pursuant to sections 67.400 to 67.450, RSMo, shall constitute prima facie evidence that the property is a nuisance;
 - [(6)] (5) "Organization", any Missouri not-for-profit organization validly organized pursuant to law and whose purpose includes the provision or enhancement of housing opportunities in its community;
- [(7)] (6) "Parties in interest", any owner or owners of record, occupant, lessee, mortgagee, trustee, personal representative, agent or other party having an interest in the property as shown by the land records of the recorder of deeds of the county wherein the property is located, except in any municipality contained wholly or partially within a county [with a population of over six hundred thousand and less than nine hundred thousand] with a charter form of government and with more than six hundred thousand but less than seven hundred thousand

inhabitants, "parties in interest" shall mean owners, lessees,
mortgagees or lienholders whose interest has been recorded or
filed in the public records;

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- [(8)] (7) "Rehabilitation", the process of improving the property, including, but not limited to, bringing the property into compliance with the applicable housing code.
- 447.622. Any organization may petition to have property declared abandoned pursuant to the provisions of sections 447.620 to 447.640 and for temporary possession of such property, if:
- (1) The property has been continuously unoccupied by persons legally entitled to possession for at least one month prior to the filing of the petition;
 - (2) The taxes are delinquent on the property;
 - (3) The property is a nuisance; and
- (4) The organization intends to rehabilitate the property [and use the property as low- or moderate-income housing].
- 447.625. 1. Any petition filed under the provisions of sections 447.620 to 447.640 which pertains to property located within any [municipality contained wholly or partially within a county with a population of over six hundred thousand and less than nine hundred thousand] home rule city with more than four hundred thousand inhabitants and located in more than one county shall meet the requirements of this section.
- 2. Summons shall be issued and service of process shall be had as in other in rem or quasi in rem civil actions.

3. The petition shall contain a prayer for a court order approving the organization's rehabilitation plan and granting temporary possession of the property to the organization. The petition shall also contain a prayer for a sheriff's deed conveying title to the property to the organization [at the expiration of the one-year period following entry of the order granting temporary possession of the property to the organization] upon the completion of rehabilitation when no owner has regained possession of the property pursuant to section [447.438] 447.638.

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- 4. The court shall stay any ruling on the organization's prayer for a sheriff's deed until [the one-year period has expired] rehabilitation has been completed.
- 5. The owner [shall be entitled to regain possession of the property by motion instead of a new petition under section 447.638. The compensation to be paid shall be set] may file a motion for restoration of possession of the property prior to the completion of rehabilitation. The court shall determine whether to restore possession to the owner and proper compensation to the organization in the same manner as in section 447.638.
- 6. [The] <u>Upon completion of rehabilitation the</u> organization may file a motion for sheriff's deed in place of a petition for judicial deed under section 447.640.
- 7. The provisions of sections 447.620 to 447.640 shall apply except where they are in conflict with this section.

447.632. The court shall grant the organization's petition if the court finds that the conditions alleged by the plaintiff as specified in section 447.622 [exist] existed at the time the verified petition was filed in the circuit court, that the plan for the rehabilitation of the property submitted to the court by the plaintiff is feasible and defendant has failed to demonstrate that the plaintiff should not be allowed to rehabilitate the property.

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447.636. The organization shall file [an annual] <u>a</u>

<u>quarterly</u> report of its rehabilitation and use of the property,
including a statement of all expenditures made by the
organization and all income and receipts from the property for
the preceding [years] quarters.

447.638. The owner [shall be entitled to regain possession of the property by petitioning] may petition the circuit court for restoration of possession of the property and, upon due notice to the plaintiff organization, for a hearing on such petition. At the hearing, the court shall determine whether the owner has the capacity and the resources to complete rehabilitation of the property if such work has not been completed by the organization. If the court determines that the owner does not have the capacity or the resources to complete rehabilitation of the property, the court shall not restore possession to the owner. If the court determines that the rehabilitation work has been completed by the organization or

that the owner has the capacity and the resources to complete the rehabilitation, the court shall then determine proper compensation to the organization for its expenditures, including management fees, based on the organization's reports to the court. The court, in determining the proper compensation to the organization, may consider income or receipts received from the property by the organization. After the owner pays the compensation to the organization as determined by the court, the owner shall resume possession of the property, subject to all existing rental agreements, whether written or verbal, entered into by the organization.

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447.640. If an owner [takes no action to] <u>does not</u> regain possession of the property in the one-year period following entry of an order granting temporary possession of the property to the organization, the organization may file a petition for judicial deed and, upon due notice to the named defendants, an order may be entered granting a quitclaim judicial deed to the organization. A conveyance by judicial deed shall operate to extinguish all existing ownership interests in, liens on, and other interest in the property, except tax liens.

Section 1. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, and convey all interest in fee simple absolute in property owned by the state in the Battle of Athens State Historic Site to the Robert F. French Trust. The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as

1 <u>follows:</u>

2	<u>All that part of the Southwest quarter</u>
3	of section nineteen in Township sixty seven
4	North, Range seven West described in
5	instrument recorded at microfilm drawer 3M
6	card 2156 of the Clark county records being
7	WEST of the following described line.
8	Beginning at the Southeast corner of a tract
9	of land described in instrument recorded at
10	microfilm drawer 9M card 926 of the Clark
11	County records and shown on survey dated
12	February 05, 1999 recorded with the
13	Department of Natural Resources as Document
14	number 750-26794, thence along the south
15	boundary of section nineteen North 87 degrees
16	03' 25" West 8.0 feet to a fence and the true
17	point of beginning, thence along said fence
18	North 3 degrees 00' 33" East 1139.6 feet,
19	thence North 4 degrees 38' 44" East 956.9
20	feet to a corner fence post, thence continue
21	North 4 degrees 38' 44" East on a projection
22	of the fence to the low water mark of the Des
23	Moines River.

2. In consideration for the conveyance in subsection 1 of this section, the Missouri department of natural resources is hereby authorized to receive via quitclaim deed property from the Robert F. French Trust. The property to be conveyed to the department is more particularly described as follows:

29	All that part of the Southwest quarter
30	of section nineteen in Township sixty seven
31	North, Range seven West described in
32	instrument recorded at microfilm drawer 3M
33	card 2156 of the Clark county records being
34	EAST of the following described line.
35	Beginning at the Southeast corner of a tract
36	of land described in instrument recorded at
37	microfilm drawer 9M card 926 of the Clark
38	County records and shown on survey dated
39	February 05, 1999 recorded with the
40	<u>Department of Natural Resources as Document</u>
41	number 750-26794, thence along the south
42	boundary of section nineteen North 87 degrees
43	03' 25" West 8.0 feet to a fence and the true
44	point of beginning, thence along said fence

- North 3 degrees 00'33" East 1139.6 feet,
 thence North 4 degrees 38' 44" East 956.9
 feet to a corner fence post, thence continue
 North 4 degrees 38' 44" East on a projection
 of the fence to the low water mark of the Des
 Moines River.

 The attorney general shall approve the form of the
- 3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

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Section 2. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, and convey all interest in fee simple absolute in property owned by the state at Cuivre River State Park to Steve and Ellen Piacentini, husband and wife.

The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

- 15 Part of lands located in the County of 16 Lincoln and the State of Missouri, lying in 17 part of the southwest quarter of Section 16 18 and part of the northwest quarter of Section 19 21, Township 49 North, Range 1 East of the Fifth Principal Meridian, being all that part 20 north and east of the following described 21 22 courses:
- 23 Commencing at a standard aluminum monument, 2.4 described in MoDNR document # 600-65596 and 25 located per survey filed as document # 750-26 26854 in the records of the Missouri 27 Department of Natural Resources, marking the 28 southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said Section 21; 29 30 thence along the east line of said northeast 31 quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 32 21, north 00 degrees 51 minutes 55 seconds 33 east, a distance of 890.80 feet to a set 5/8 34 inch rebar, the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of 35 the herein described courses; thence 36 departing said east line north 89 degrees 08 37 minutes 05 seconds west, a distance of 45.00 38 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar, from which a 39 found 3/8 inch rebar bears south 89 degrees 08 minutes 05 seconds east, a distance of 40

18.1 feet; thence north 00 degrees 51 minutes 55 seconds east, a distance of 489.20 feet to

a set 5/8 inch rebar, from which a standard 2 aluminum monument, described in MoDNR 3 document # 600-65595 and located per said 4 survey filed as document # 750-26854, bears 5 south 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds east, a distance of 45.00 feet and a found ½ inch 6 7 rebar with orange plastic cap marked "RLS 8 1851" bears south 79 degrees 19 minutes 30 9 seconds east, a distance of 16.1 feet; thence 10 north 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds west, 11 a distance of 155.40 feet to a set 5/8 inch 12 rebar; thence north 00 degrees 54 minutes 05 13 seconds east, a distance of 53.80 feet to a 14 set 5/8 inch rebar; thence north 89 degrees 15 05 minutes 55 seconds west, a distance of 16 409.29 feet to the east line of a tract of 17 land conveyed to Loyd E. Groshong by 18 instrument recorded in Deed Book 220 at page 19 575 of the Lincoln County land records, 20 marked by a set 5/8 inch rebar, from which a 21 found 1 1/4 inch solid round rod bears north 22 00 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds east, a 23 distance of 253.60 feet; thence along the 24 east line of said Groshong tract, south 00 25 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds west, a 26 distance of 53.80 feet to the section line 27 between said Sections 16 and 21, marked by a 28 set 5/8 inch rebar, the point of termination 29 of the herein described courses, from which a 30 found 7/8 inch O.D. iron pipe bears south 00 31 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds west, a 32 distance of 7.55 feet and a 5/8 inch rebar with aluminum cap, described in MoDNR 33 34 document # 600-65594 and located per said 35 survey filed as document # 750-26854, bears 36 north 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds west, 37 a distance of 710.45 feet.

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2. In consideration for the conveyance in subsection 1 of this section, the Missouri department of natural resources is hereby authorized to receive via quitclaim deed property from Steve and Ellen Piacentini. The property to be conveyed to the department is more particularly described as follows:

Part of lands located in the County of
Lincoln and the State of Missouri, lying in
part of the southwest quarter of Section 16

and part of the northwest quarter of Section
2 21, Township 49 North, Range 1 East of the
3 Fifth Principal Meridian, being all that part
4 south and west of the following described
5 courses:
6 Commencing at a standard aluminum monument,
7 described in MoDNR document # 600-65596 and

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described in MoDNR document # 600-65596 and located per survey filed as document # 750-26854 in the records of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, marking the southeast corner of the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said Section 21; thence along the east line of said northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of Section 21, north 00 degrees 51 minutes 55 seconds east, a distance of 890.80 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar, the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of the herein described courses; thence departing said east line north 89 degrees 08 minutes 05 seconds west, a distance of 45.00 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar, from which a found 3/8 inch rebar bears south 89 degrees 08 minutes 05 seconds east, a distance of 18.1 feet; thence north 00 degrees 51 minutes 55 seconds east, a distance of 489.20 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar , from which a standard aluminum monument, described in MoDNR document # 600-65595 and located per said survey filed as document # 750-26854, bears south 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds east, a distance of 45.00 feet and a found $\frac{1}{2}$ inch rebar with orange plastic cap marked "RLS 1851" bears south 79 degrees 19 minutes 30 seconds east, a distance of 16.1 feet; thence north 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds west, a distance of 155.40 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar; thence north 00 degrees 54 minutes 05 seconds east, a distance of 53.80 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar; thence north 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds west, a distance of 409.29 feet to the east line of a tract of land conveyed to Loyd E. Groshong by instrument recorded in Deed Book 220 at page 575 of the Lincoln County land records, marked by a set 5/8 inch rebar, from which a found 1 1/4 inch solid round rod bears north 00 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds east, a distance of 253.60 feet; thence along the east line of said Groshong tract, south 00

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 53.80 feet to the section line between said Sections 16 and 21, marked by a set 5/8 inch rebar, the point of termination of the herein described courses, from which a found 7/8 inch 0.D. iron pipe bears south 00 degrees 34 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 7.55 feet and a 5/8 inch rebar with aluminum cap, described in MoDNR document # 600-65594 and located per said survey filed as document # 750-26854, bears north 89 degrees 05 minutes 55 seconds west, a distance of 710.45 feet.
<u>3</u> .	The attorney general shall approve the form of the
instrum	ment of conveyance.
<u>S</u> e	ection 3. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and
empower	red to sell, transfer, grant, and convey all interest in
fee sin	mple absolute in property owned by the state at Washington
State I	Park to Rachel DeClue and Patricia Westoff. The property
to be o	conveyed is more particularly described as follows:
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	Part of lands located in the County of Washington and the State of Missouri, lying in the west half of the northeast quarter of Section 29, Township 39 North, Range 3 East of the Fifth Principal Meridian, being all that part enclosed by the following described courses:
28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Commencing at a standard aluminum monument, described in MoDNR document # 600-66813 and located per survey filed as document # 750-26906 in the records of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, marking the southeast corner of said west half of the northeast quarter of Section 29; thence north 88 degrees 06 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 807.05 feet to a found 1 inch round rod (as called for in Deed Book 125 at page 61 of the land records of Washington County), lying within the right-of-way of Missouri Route 21; thence north 39 degrees 15

minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 711.15 feet to a found 3/4 inch smooth round rod (as

called for in Deed Book 125 at page 202 of

said land records); thence north 80 degrees 2 28 minutes 30 seconds east, a distance of 7.0 3 <u>feet to the easterly right-of-way of said</u> 4 Route 21, marked by a set 5/8 inch rebar, 5 being the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of the herein described courses; thence continuing 6 7 north 80 degrees 28 minutes 30 seconds east, 8 a distance of 413.00 feet to a set 5/8 inch 9 rebar; thence south 14 degrees 20 minutes 00 10 seconds east, a distance of 295.15 feet to a 11 set 5/8 inch rebar; thence south 87 degrees 12 00 minutes 00 seconds west, a distance of 13 290.00 feet to said easterly right-of-way, 14 from which a found t-post bears south 87 15 degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds west, a 16 distance of 7.7 feet; thence northwesterly 17 along said easterly right-of-way to the true 18 point of beginning.

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2. In consideration for the conveyance in subsection 1 of this section, the Missouri department of natural resources is hereby authorized to receive via quitclaim deed property from Rachel Declue and Patricia Westoff. The property to be conveyed to the department is more particularly described as follows:

Washington and the State of Missouri, lying

Part of lands located in the County of

in the west half of the northeast quarter of 26 27 Section 29, Township 39 North, Range 3 East 28 of the Fifth Principal Meridian, being all 29 that part north and east of the following 30 described courses: 31 Commencing at a standard aluminum monument, 32 described in MoDNR document # 600-66813 and 33 located per survey filed as document # 750-34 26906 in the records of the Missouri 35 Department of Natural Resources, marking the 36 southeast corner of said west half of the 37 northeast quarter of Section 29 and being the 38 TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of the herein 39 described courses; thence south 87 degrees 37 40 minutes 35 seconds west, a distance of 123.69

plastic cap marked "ELGIN PS 1682", per said

document # 750-26906; thence north 47 degrees

feet to a found ½ inch rebar with yellow

49 minutes 00 seconds west, a distance of

1	508.45 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar; thence
2	north 84 degrees 46 minutes 30 seconds west,
3	a distance of 270.10 feet to a set 5/8 inch
4	rebar; thence north 14 degrees 20 minutes 00
5	seconds west, a distance of 295.15 feet to a
6	set 5/8 inch rebar; thence south 80 degrees
7	28 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance
8	of413.00 feet to the easterly right-of-way of
9	Missouri Route 21, marked by a set 5/8 inch
10	rebar , said rebar being the point of
11	termination, from which a found 3/4 inch
12	smooth round rod (as called for in Deed Book
13	125 at page 202 of the land records of
14	Washington County) bears south 80 degrees 28
15	minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 7.0
16	feet and a found ½ inch rebar with yellow
17	plastic cap marked "ELGIN PS 1682", per said
18	document # 750-26906, bears north 39 degrees
19	20 minutes 00 seconds west, a distance of
20	<u>110.90 feet.</u>

3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

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Section 4. 1. The governor is hereby authorized and empowered to sell, transfer, grant, and convey all interest in fee simple absolute in property owned by the state at Washington State Park to Oscar and Margaret Rulo. The property to be conveyed is more particularly described as follows:

Washington and the State of Missouri, lying

Part of lands located in the County of

30	in the west half of the northeast quarter of
31	Section 29, Township 39 North, Range 3 East
32	of the Fifth Principal Meridian, being all
33	that part south and west of the following
34	<pre>described courses:</pre>
35	Commencing at a standard aluminum monument,
36	described in MoDNR document # 600-66813 and
37	<pre>located per survey filed as document # 750-</pre>
38	26906 in the records of the Missouri
39	Department of Natural Resources, marking the
40	southeast corner of said west half of the
41	northeast quarter of Section 29; thence south
42	87 degrees 37 minutes 35 seconds west, a
43	distance of 123.69 feet to a found ½ inch

1	rebar with yellow plastic cap marked "ELGIN
2	PS 1682", per said document # 750-26906,
3	being the TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of the
4	herein described courses; thence north 47
5	degrees 49 minutes 00 seconds west, a
6	distance of 508.45 feet to a set 5/8 inch
7	rebar; thence north 84 degrees 46 minutes 30
8	seconds west, a distance of 270.10 feet to a
9	set 5/8 inch rebar; thence south 87 degrees
10	00 minutes 00 seconds west, a distance of
11	290.00 feet to the point of termination at
12	the easterly right-of-way of Missouri Route
13	21, from which a found t-post bears south 87
14	degrees 00 minutes 00 seconds west, a
15	<u>distance of 7.7 feet.</u>

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2. In consideration for the conveyance in subsection 1 of this section, the Missouri department of natural resources is hereby authorized to receive via quitclaim deed property from Oscar and Margaret Rulo. The property to be conveyed to the department is more particularly described as follows:

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Part of lands located in the County of
Washington and the State of Missouri, lying
in the west half of the northeast quarter of
Section 29, Township 39 North, Range 3 East
of the Fifth Principal Meridian, being all
that part north and east of the following
described courses:
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28 Commencing at a standard aluminum monument, 29 described in MoDNR document # 600-66813 and 30 located per survey tiled as document # 750-31 26906 in the records of the Missouri Department of Natural Resources, marking the 32 33 southeast corner of said west half of the 34 northeast quarter of Section 29 and being the 35 TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING of the herein 36 described courses; thence south 87 degrees 37 37 minutes 35 seconds west, a distance of 123.69 38 feet to a found ½ inch rebar with yellow 39 plastic cap marked "ELGIN PS 1682", per said 40 document # 750-26906; thence north 47 degrees 41 49 minutes 00 seconds west, a distance of 42 508.45 feet to a set 5/8 inch rebar; thence 43 north 84 degrees 46 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 270.10 feet to a set 5/8 inch 44

- rebar; thence north 14 degrees 20 minutes 00 2 seconds west, a distance of 295.15 feet to a 3 set 5/8 inch rebar; thence south 80 degrees 4 28 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 5 413.00 feet to the easterly right-of-way of Missouri Route 21, marked by a set 5/8 inch 6 7 rebar, said rebar being the point of 8 termination, from which a found 3/4 inch 9 smooth round rod (as called for in Deed Book 10 125 at page 202 of the land records of 11 Washington County) bears south 80 degrees 28 minutes 30 seconds west, a distance of 7.0 12 feet and a found ½ inch rebar with yellow 13 plastic cap marked "ELGIN PS 1682", per said 14 15 document # 750-26906, bears north 39 degrees 16 20 minutes 00 seconds west, a distance of 17 110.90 feet.
- 3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

- 20 <u>Section 5. 1. The director of the department of natural</u>
 21 <u>resources is hereby authorized and empowered to grant and convey</u>
 22 <u>certain land in Jefferson County described as follows:</u>
 - 23 Parcel 11: Part of a larger tract of 42.26 24 acres located and being all that part of the 25 South one-half of the northeast quarter of 26 Section 20, Township 43 North, Range 5 East, 27 in Jefferson County, Missouri and described 28 as follows: Beginning at an iron pipe in the South line of the Northeast Quarter of said 29 30 Section 20, being South 88 degrees 25 minutes 31 East, distance 507.41 feet from the center of 32 said Section 20; thence leaving the said 33 South line of said Northeast Quarter of said 34 Section 20, North 30 minutes East 159.11 feet 35 to an iron pipe; thence North 88 degrees 25 minutes East 588.47 feet to a point in the 36 37 center-line of a branch from which an iron 38 pipe bears South 88 degrees 25 minutes West, 39 distance 146.66 feet; thence along the said 40 center-line of said branch South 27 degrees 41 02 minutes West 181.29 feet to a point from 42 which an iron pipe bears South 88 degrees 25 43 minutes West, distance 65.60 feet; thence 44 leaving the said center-line of said branch and along the South line of said Northeast 45

1	<u>Quarter of said Section 20 South 88 degrees</u>
2	25 minutes West 507.41 feet to the point of
3	beginning, containing two (2) acres.
4	Also an easement 20 feet wide lying East of
5	and South of the following described line:
6	Beginning at a point located in the North
7	line of the above described tract said point
8	being South 88 degrees 25 minutes West 75
9	<pre>feet more or less from the Northeast corner;</pre>
LO	thence North 28 degrees 48 minutes East 760
L1	feet, more or less to a point; thence South
L2	49 degrees 45 minutes East to the West right-
L3	of-way line of Romain Creek County Road.

2. Tammy L. Edwards shall have the right of first refusal to purchase the property described in subsection 1 of this section based on the fair market value of the property as determined by an appraiser contracted with by the department of natural resources. In the event that Tammy L. Edwards is unable or unwilling to purchase the property for the price determined by the department of natural resources, the department of natural resources shall then sell the property at a public auction under such terms and conditions as the department shall set.

3. The attorney general shall approve the form of the instrument of conveyance.

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             [54.261. 1. The county treasurer in
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        counties of the first classification, not
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       having a charter form of government and
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        containing a portion of a city with a
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        population of three hundred thousand or more,
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        and in counties of the second, third and
        fourth classifications of this state, shall
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        receive as compensation for services
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       performed by the treasurer an annual salary
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        based upon the assessed valuation of the
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        county. The provisions of this section shall
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       not permit or require a reduction in the
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        amount of compensation being paid for the
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        office of treasurer on January 1, 1997.
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             2. The amount of salary based upon
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1 assessed valuation shall be computed 2 according to the following schedule: 3 Assessed Valuation 4 Salary 5 \$ 18,000,000 to 40,999,999 6 \$21,460 7 41,000,000 to 53,999,999 8 22,200 9 54,000,000 to 65,999,999 10 23,680 11 66,000,000 to 85,999,999 12 25,160 13 86,000,000 to 99,999,999 14 26,640 15 100,000,000 to 130,999,999 16 28,120 17 131,000,000 to 159,999,999 18 29,600 19 160,000,000 to 189,999,999 20 30,340 21 190,000,000 to 249,999,999 22 30,710 23 250,000,000 to 299,999,999 24 31,820 25 300,000,000 or more 26 33,300 27

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- Two thousand dollars of the salary authorized in this section shall be payable to the treasurer only if the treasurer has completed at least twenty hours of classroom instruction each calendar year relating to the operations of the treasurer's office when approved by a professional association of the county treasurers or county collectors of Missouri unless exempted from the training by the professional association. professional association approving the program shall provide a certificate of completion to each treasurer who completes the training program and shall send a list of certified treasurers to the county commission of each county. Expenses incurred for attending the training session may be reimbursed to the county treasurer in the same manner as other expenses as may be appropriated for that purpose.
- 4. The county treasurer in any county, other than a county of the first classification having a charter form of government or a county of the first

classification not having a charter form of government and not containing any part of a city with a population of three hundred thousand or more, shall not, except upon two-thirds vote of all the members of the commission, receive an annual compensation in an amount less than the total compensation being received for the office of county treasurer in the particular county for services rendered or performed on the date the salary commission votes.

- 5. In the event of a vacancy in the office of treasurer in any county except a county of the first classification with a charter form of government, when there is no deputy treasurer, the county commission shall appoint a qualified acting treasurer until such time as the vacancy is filled by the governor pursuant to section 105.030, RSMo.]
- [139.052. 1. The governing body of any county may by ordinance or order provide for the payment of all or any part of current and delinquent real property taxes, in such installments and on such terms as the governing body deems appropriate. Additionally, the county legislative body may limit the right to pay such taxes in installments to certain classes of taxpayers, as may be prescribed by ordinance or order. Any delinguent taxes shall bear interest at the rate provided by section 140.100, RSMo, and shall be subject to the fees provided by law.
- 2. The county official charged with the duties of the collector shall issue receipts for any installment payments.
- 3. Installment payments made at any time during a tax year shall not affect the taxpayer's right to protest the amount of such tax payments under applicable provisions of law.
- 4. Subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to payment for real property taxes by financial institutions, as defined in section 381.410, RSMo, who pay tax obligations which they service from escrow accounts, as defined in Title 24, Part 3500, Section 17, Code of Federal Regulation, as amended.]

[139.053. 1. The governing body of any county, excluding township counties, may by ordinance or order provide for the payment of all or any part of current real and personal property taxes which are owed, at the option of the taxpayer, on an annual, semiannual or quarterly basis at such times as determined by such governing body.

- The ordinance shall provide the 2. method by which the amount of property taxes owed for the current tax year in which the payments are to be made shall be estimated. The collector shall submit to the governing body the procedures by which taxes will be collected pursuant to the ordinance or order. The estimate shall be based on the previous tax year's liability. A taxpayer's payment schedule shall be based on the estimate divided by the number of pay periods in which payments are to be made. The taxpayer shall at the end of the tax year pay any amounts owed in excess of the estimate for such year. The county shall at the end of the tax year refund to the taxpayer any amounts paid in excess of the property tax owed for such year. No interest shall be paid by the county on excess amounts owed to the taxpayer. Any refund paid the taxpayer pursuant to this subsection shall be an amount paid by the county only once in a calendar year.
- 3. If a taxpayer fails to make an installment payment of a portion of the real or personal property taxes owed to the county, then such county may charge the taxpayer interest on the amount of property taxes still owed for that year.
- 4. Any governing body enacting the ordinance or order specified in this section shall first agree to provide the county collector with reasonable and necessary funds to implement the ordinance or order.
- 5. Subsection 1 of this section shall not apply to payment for real property taxes by financial institutions, as defined in section 381.410, RSMo, who pay tax obligations which they service from escrow accounts, as defined in Title 24, Part 3500, Section 17, Code of Federal Regulation, as amended.]

[140.200. When more than one tract or lot belonging to the same person is for sale at the same time, in the same municipal corporation or township, a part of one of the tracts or lots shall be offered, first for the payment of the whole sum due from the owner on all the delinguent lands or lots. If no person bids off a part of the tract or lot for the sum required, the tract or lot shall then be offered to the highest bidder for cash, and if any amount yet remains due, or if no person bids for a part or all of one tract or lot, each of the other tracts or lots shall be offered in like manner until the required sum is realized. If no one bids upon a part or all of said tracts or lots separately, enough to pay the amount due, then the whole of the tracts and lots shall be offered together and sold to pay the taxes, penalty, interest and costs thereon. This section shall be construed directory in character and a failure to comply therewith shall not of itself invalidate any sale.]

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[140.210. When less than the whole of any tract of land shall be sold, the quantity sold shall be in a square form, as near as practicable, at the most northwesterly corner of the tract, and when less than the whole of any in-lot or out-lot of any city or town shall be sold, the part sold shall extend from the main or principal street, road or alley, forming the most convenient front to such lot, to the rear of such lot, and so as to bound the same by lines as nearly parallel with the outlines of such lot as practicable.]

[140.390. 1. Any person claiming an undivided part of any land sold for taxes may redeem the same on paying such proportion of the purchase money, interest, penalty and subsequent taxes as he shall claim of the land sold.

2. Any person claiming an undivided share in any land out of which an undivided part shall have been sold for taxes, may redeem his undivided share by paying such portion of the purchase money, interest, penalty and subsequent taxes as he claims of

the land sold.

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- 3. Any person claiming a specific part of any lands sold for taxes may redeem his specific part by paying such proportion of the purchase money, interest, penalty and subsequent taxes as his quantity of ground shall bear to the whole quantity sold.
- 4. Any person claiming a specific part of any lands out of which an undivided part shall have been sold for taxes charged on the whole tract or lot, may redeem his specific part by paying such proportion of purchase money, interest, penalty and subsequent taxes as his quantity of ground shall bear to the whole quantity taxed.]

[140.400. In every case where a partial redemption is asked for, pursuant to section 140.390, the county collector, upon the application of the redemptioner, after notice to the holder of the certificate, shall determine the proportion to be paid by the party applying to redeem, and his decision shall be final thereon. For his services in stating the proportion, the redemptioner shall pay him fifty cents; and in every case of a partial redemption, pursuant to said section, the quantity sold shall be reduced in proportion to the amount paid on such partial redemption, and the county collector shall convey accordingly.]